

Claim for Farmland Exemption from Some School Operating Taxes

Do you need to file this claim?

If you answer "YES" to either of these questions, you do NOT need to file this form.

- 1. Is the property vacant and classified by the assessor as agricultural?
(Note: Vacant property classified as agricultural is automatically exempt from some school taxes and the changes will be made on your next tax bill.)
- 2. Have you already filed the *Homestead Exemption Affidavit* for this property?

If you answered "NO" to both of these questions and the property is used primarily for agricultural purposes but is not classified as agricultural, complete this form and file it with your local township or city by **May 1**.

If your property has a residence or other buildings on it, your assessor may ask you to complete this form, even though it is classified agricultural.

Section 1. File a separate claim for each qualified parcel.

Name of Owner (first, middle, last)

Name of Co-Owner (first, middle, last)

Street Address of Property Claimed

City and State

ZIP Code

Check one:

Name of Township/City Where Property is Located

County of Property

Township

City

Enter the property tax identification number of the qualified property you are claiming. This number is on your tax bill or your assessment notice. Start at the left and leave any extra spaces blank. Use a full space for any hyphens (-) in the number.

Section 2: Farmland.

- a. If this property is not classified as agricultural, is more than 50% of the acreage devoted to an agricultural use?
(Skip this question if your property is classified agricultural.) Yes No
- b. Does this property include any residences occupied by a person who is not involved in the agricultural operation? Yes No
- c. If the property includes a residence, has the occupant filed a *Homestead Exemption Affidavit* for a different residence? Yes No
- d. Does this property include any buildings not involved in the agricultural operation? Yes No

If you answered 'yes' to items 2b, 2c or 2d, part of your property does not qualify. You must enter a percentage in Section 3.

Section 3: Multi-Purpose Property.

If you answered 'yes' to item 2b, 2c or 2d, give the percentage of the property value that is devoted to agricultural use.

Exclude from this percentage the value of any property that does not qualify (see instructions on back). This information is necessary for your township or city to adjust your property taxes properly. (See back for computation.) _____

Certification: This affidavit is invalid unless it is signed.

I certify, under penalty of perjury, that I own (or co-own) the property claimed on this affidavit, that it is qualified agricultural property, and that all information is true to the best of my knowledge.

Owner's Signature

Date

Co - owner's Signature

Date

Daytime Phone Number

E-mail Address

INSTRUCTIONS

Overview

In addition to the homestead exemption from local school operating taxes, the legislature has passed a separate exemption for farmland. Some people may have to file this form in addition to their homestead exemption affidavit. Read the instructions carefully to determine if you need to file this form.

Do You Need To File?

If your property is already exempt as a homestead, you do not need to file this form.

If you own vacant land classified as agricultural, it is automatically exempt and you do not need to file a form to claim your exemption. If you have a residence or other buildings on the property, your assessor may ask you to complete this form to determine if all the property qualifies.

If your property is not classified agricultural, but more than 50 percent of the acreage is devoted to an agricultural use, you must file this form by May 1, to claim your exemption.

Qualifications

Only the owner can claim an exemption. **An owner** generally is the person who holds the legal title to the property. An owner includes the buyer on a land contract, the holder of a life lease and the grantor of property placed in a revocable trust or qualified personal residence trust (QPRT). An owner may be an individual, or a legal business entity of any type.

For property classified agricultural, qualified agricultural property is:

1. vacant land;
2. all farm-related structures;

Farm-related buildings do not include those used for commercial storage, commercial processing, commercial distribution, commercial marketing, commercial shipping, or any other commercial or industrial use.

3. any residences on the property if they are occupied by a person who is employed in or who is actively involved in the farming operation and who has not filed a *Homestead Exemption Affidavit* for another residence.

Property that is not classified as agricultural still qualifies for this exemption if more than 50 percent of the acreage is devoted to an agricultural use. "Agricultural use" means the production of plants and animals useful to humans, including forages and sod crops; grains, feed crops, and field crops; dairy and dairy products; poultry and poultry products; livestock, including breeding and grazing of cattle, swine, captive cervidae, and similar animals; berries; herbs; flowers; seeds; grasses; nursery stock; fruits; vegetables; Christmas trees; and other similar uses and activities. Agricultural use includes use in a federal acreage set-aside program or a federal conservation reserve program. Agriculture use does not include the management and harvesting of a woodlot.

Property not classified agricultural that is used for agricultural purposes is subject to the same limitations as property classified agricultural (see 1 -3).

Section 1. Identification

File a separate claim for each qualified parcel.

Complete all items for the property that you wish to claim. If the farmland is located in a village, list the township where the farmland is located.

Every township and city identifies parcels of property with a **property identification number** (PIN) that ranges from 10 to 25 numbers. It usually includes hyphens and sometimes includes letters. This number is on your tax bill and on your property tax assessment notice. Find this number and enter it in the spaces indicated. If you cannot find this number, call your township or city assessor.

**Your property number is vital!
Without it your township or city cannot adjust
your property taxes accurately.**

Section 2. Farmland

Answer each question in section 2 as it relates to the parcel identified by the PIN in section 1.

Item 2a: If you answer "no," your property does not qualify and you do not need to file this form.

Items 2b - 2d: If you answer "yes" to any of these questions, you must enter a percentage in section 3.

Section 3.

Multi-purpose Property

You may claim an exemption only for the portion of taxes related to the property used for agricultural purposes.

Compute your percentage as follows.

$$\frac{\text{Value of qualified agricultural property}}{\text{Value of total property}} \times 100$$

Your local assessor can help you determine the percentage that qualifies.

Appeals

Your local assessor has the authority to approve or deny claims for farmland exemptions. If you disagree with your assessor, you may appeal the decision to the local board of review. A board of review decision may be appealed to the Michigan Tax Tribunal.

Interest and Penalty

If it is determined that you made a claim for property that is not qualified agricultural lands, you will be subject to the additional tax plus interest, and possibly penalty, as provided by law.

Mailing Your Form

Mail each completed form to the township or city where the property is located.